



## Abstract Guidelines for IGSCP 2019

An abstract is a brief summary of an article to help the reader quickly ascertain the paper's purpose. We separate the abstract guide into guidelines abstract for original research/systematic review and case report.

### A. Abstract of Original Research or Systematic Review :

Please prepared your abstract by following the direction below.

- ✓ Font size : 12 pt. Arial and 1 inch margins
- ✓ Word count : max 250
- ✓ Keyword : 3-6
- ✓ Structure

**Background:** this section provides context to the brief information including problem statement, rationale or limitation of the previous studies, and the aim of study.

**Method:** this section consist the brief essential material and methods or procedures used in research study.

**Result:** this section consist the summary of the most important results that obtained from study. The information need to be clear and straightforward.

**Conclusion:** this section contained explanation about the experimental results and/or the results fit into bigger picture

### B. Abstract of Case Report :

Please prepared your abstract by following the direction below.

- ✓ Font size : 12 pt. Arial and 1 inch margins
- ✓ Word count : max 150
- ✓ Keyword : max 3
- ✓ Structure

**Background:**

- Describe the context of the case and explain its relevance and importance. Explain why this case is noteworthy and what it adds to current knowledge. This section helps answer the question, "why should we care?"
- Describe whether the case is unique. If not, does the case have an unusual diagnosis, prognosis, therapy or harm? Is the case an unusual presentation of a common condition? Or an unusual complication of a disease or management?
- Describe the instructive or teaching points that add value to this case. Does it demonstrate a cost – effective approach to management or alternative diagnostic/ treatment strategy? Does it increase awareness of a rare condition?
- You may want to end the introduction with a sentence that states explicitly why the case is being reported.

**Case presentation:**

- This section should be the longest and most detailed part of the abstract. Relevant information may include basic demographics, client's main symptoms or other reasons for seeking care, clinical findings, clinical assessment, treatment plan, and health outcomes. Given the space limitations, include only the information relevant to your reason for presenting the case. Follow the basic rules of medical communication. Report the case in sequence.
- Describe the history, examination and investigations adequately. Is the cause of the patient's illness clear-cut? What are other plausible explanations?
- Describe the treatments adequately. Have all available therapeutic options been considered? Are outcomes related to treatments? Include the patient's progress and outcome

**Discussion:**

- Discuss rationale for decisions that were made and the lesson from the case.
- Report a literature review of other similar cases. Describe how this case is different from those previously reported.
- Explain the rationale for reporting the case. What is unusual about the case? Does it challenge prevailing wisdom?
- In the future, could things be done differently in a similar case?

**Conclusion:** The conclusion should emphasize the learning point(s) and implications for clinical practice. This section should state the main "take – home" lesson(s) from the case. You may want to add a sentence or two about the implications of the case for practice or future research