Drug waste is one of the hazardous wastes that can have negative impacts both on the environment and on living things if not handled properly.

In Indonesia, a drug take-back program has just been initiated called “Ayo Buang Sampah Obat” by BPOM in September 2019.

This study aimed to determine the profile of knowledge and attitude related to the drug take-back program among citizens who have visited pharmacies in Surabaya, Indonesia.

**Method**

This study designed as a cross-sectional using questionnaire. The questionnaire was spread online through social media. The instrument was validated in a pilot study in 50 participants.

**Result**

Out of 338 respondents....

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Knowledge</th>
<th>Attitude</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Good Knowledge 93%

Good Attitude 88%

However...

10.8% (n=37) respondents were not willing to participate in the drug take-back program. With various reasons:

- No time: 40.5% (n=15)
- Far from home: 37.8% (n=14)
- Not want to: 2% (n=5.4)
- Others: 16.2% (n=6)

**Conclusion**

In this study, there was a high knowledge of the drug take-back program in Surabaya. Although the majority of participants had good knowledge and attitude, more research about the drug take-back program in Indonesia is still needed.